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Minutes ... at Huntington, October ... 1805.

MINUTES

OF THE

Danbury Baptist Association,

HELD AT HUNTINGTON,

OCTOBER THE 2d & 3d, A. D. 1805.

TOGETHER WITH THEIR CIRCULAR AND CORRES-PONDING LETTERS.

WEDNESDAY, October 2J.

1. ASSOCIATION met according to appointment. Introductory Sermon delivered by Elder Daniel Wildman, founded on John iii. 30. first clause, "He must increase."—Intermission one hour. Sermon delivered by Elder Justus Hull, from 1st Peter, ii. 7—"Unto you, therefore, which believe, he is precious."

2. Proceeded to business. Elder Daniel Wildman, Moderator;

and Elder Afahel Morse, Clerk.

3. Letters from the churches in our connection were presented and

read, and the following lift taken.

N. B.—In the lift, Ministers' names are in capitals; Those to which an (*) is affixed, were not present; Dashes (——) denote no settled Ministers; From churches marked thus (†) we received no letters.

Churches.	Missengers.	Added	Difinis	Excom	Died.	Z.
Suffield,	*JOHN HASTINGS, *JACOB WINCHEL, DANIEL WILDMAN, Daniel Bester,	69	5	1	I	197
1st Wallingford,	John Hall,	} 3	•	1	•	56
1st Danbury,	NATHAN BULKLEY, Thaddeus Morebouse, Joseph Hamilton, Benjamin Bears,	4	1	0	٥	39
2d Wallingford,	Ward Johnson, Daniel Chatterton,	•	I	1	I	21
2d Danbury,	Bennet Pepper, Peter Ambier,	5	1	5	2	12

Charches.	Meffengers.		Danea.	A A J A J	Excom.	Died.	l Za
Southington				•	-		
& Farmington,			. 0	I	0	I	8 i
Litchneld,	Levi Mon, John Todd,		0	ï	9	0	30
Stratsieid,	AsAHEL MORSE, Robert Willon, David Silliman, Julius Silliman,		· : o	٥	ľ	3	138
Roxbury,	{ ISAAC FUILER, Abijah Fairchild, Andrew Erwin,		2	0	0	0	53
Wolcott & Bridol,	Eliada Blakesley, Oliver Tuttle,	}	5	3	0	1	102
Warren,	Timothy Parmelce, David South,	}	I	0	1	0	53
Colebrook,	{ RUFU; BAECOCK, John Stevens, C* BENJ. BALDWIN,	}	2	1	0	1	84
2d Sandisfield,	Juddimer Hubbard, Jarius Barker, Jonathan Smith, 2d.	}	0	4	٥	ı	169
2d Paulingston,		•	0	o	0	0	47
+ East-Hartford,	* ALAS BRUMLEY,		0	0	Ö	Ü	40
Simfbury,	-		0	0	0	0	13
Newtown,	JOHN SHERMAN, Elijah therman, Richard Banasa	}	I	I	0	I	27
1st Paulingston,	Richard Bennett, ANAN's DER'THICK, Eli Dayton,	7	0	0	0	r	4\$
rst Middletown,	Enoch Green, James Harr,	}	0	1	2	1	5 3
Winchester,	* ISAAC BELLOWS,	•	2	0	0	0	31
Hartford,	who are the second seco		2	2	1	1	69
New-Hariford,	Samuel Benham,	}	0	0	0	0	19
Granville,	* CHRIST'r MINER,	_	4	1	I	I	47
† Sharon &	\[\]	}	0	٥	0	0	35
Cornwall, † Amenia-Town,	*ELIJAR WOOD,	ز -	0	٥	0	0	24
North-Stamford,	{ Elijah Scoffeld,	}	0	0	0	0	22
		•					=

This last church received at this meeting of the Association.

Elders and Brethren from corresponding Affociations, were deured to take a feat with se.

5. Adjourned till eight o'clock to morrow morning. Worship in several places in the vicinity this evening.

6. Thursday, October 3d. Met according to appointment.

Meeting opened by prayer.

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7. From the Phalisbury Association received minutes and their mossenger Elder Asa Spencer. From New-York Association minutes, by their messenger Elder Nathaniel Binch. From Storington Association a copy of their minutes, presented by Brother Murie. From

the Sturbridge Afforiation minutes containing their letter.

8. The Corresponding and Circular Letters not being presented as was expected, the Association desired Brother Morse to bring forward a Circular and a Corresponding Letter—he having a manuscript by him containing remarks upon the facred writings, some of these collected from some of the souncer minutes of a sister Association, with some similar observations; was read and accepted, and ordered to be printed with our minutes. The Corresponding Letter brought forward by Brother Morse, was read and accepted.

9. Heard the report of Brother Daniel Rester, respecting his not carrying forward our Petition, last spring, to the General Assembly, and voted unanimously that Brother Bester shall be our Agent, in connection with the Agent from the Stonington Association, so present our Petition to the general Assembly of the State of Connecticut at

their fession in May next.

10. Appointed the following Brethren Delegates to fister Affociations. To the Orlego, Brother Babcock. To the Shafetbury, Brother Morfe. To the New-York, Brethren Wildiam and Morfe. To

the Stonington, Brethien Morfe, Green & Blakelle ...

rt. Brethren Fountain and Sturdefont presented a request from the Warwick Affociation, to open a correspondence with us, which was cordially received, and Brother Bulkley appointed our Mcssenger to them.

12. Appointed Elder Wildman to prepare a Circular Letter, and

Elder Sherman the Corresponding Letter, for the ensuing year.

13. Our next Affeciation to be held with the 2d Church of Sandisfield, at the free meeting-house in Bethlehem, on the first Wednesday in October next, at 10 o'clock A. M. Elder Sherman to preach the introductory Sermon, and in case of failure. Elder Fuller.

14. Appointed Elder Morse to superintend the printing of our

Minutes.

Supplies for the Church of North-Stamford. Brother Bulkley, 2d Sunday in November. Brother Pepper, 1st Sunday in December.

The business of the Association being finished, Elder Babcock preached to the people from Psaim 1. 5.

CIRCULAR LETTER.

The ELDERS and MESSENGERS of the DANBURY Association to the Churches they represent, fend Christian falutation.

Beloved Brethren,

THAT the power and majesty of God is revealed in the works of creation; that his wisdom is manifested in the dispensation of his providence, is evident to every observing intelligent; but his boundless love and matchless grace are particularly revealed in that sacred book we call the Bible.

That Book we consider as the facred depository of that truth which God hath revealed concerning himself, respecting his creatures and his dealings with them.

It being such a rich gift from heaven, it cannot be searched too

closely, nor admired too much.

The various opinions which men have embraced concerning the Bible, flow not from any different aspects which they may suppose the scriptures exhibit; but from the prejudices of deprayed minds.

Were men divested of prejudice in favor of particular opinions, and would fearch the Bible candidly and impartially, they would be led to discover the same truths; and were their hearts disposed, they would

mutually embrace the fame doctrine.

The principal reason why men harmonize no better in their belief of the doctrine of the Bible, is this, they first set up a standard in their own minds, and then ransack the sacred volume from Genesis to Jude in order to find props to support it; as if, as the Jewish Rabbies have said, that the scriptures hash seventy-two saces.

But in order that our principles may be supported by the scripture, it is necessary that they should be drawn from the Bible; and then our

principles and the support for them will harmonize together.

To affect your minds more diligently to fearch the word of God and meditate thereon, the following observations are submitted for your confideration.

The autiquity of a part of the sacred writings, is an argument in fa-

wor of their divine authority.

The writings of Moses are several hundred years earlier than any profane writings now extant; which proves that he did not collect them from any records, but wrote by inspiration of God. The homesty of the penmau offords an argument is favor of the truth of the Bible. Moses, for intence, gives an account of his own sin and of the sins of his brother and sister; and was plain in pointing out, and reproving his na ion for their sins.

He declined the offer of being made great, and of having his family advanced. He prayed for his enemies, and strove to reclaim them. He boasted not of his learning, wisdom, and the honor he had enjoyed in Egypt; all of which look as if he did not write to aggrandize himself, but to reveal the will of God and do good to mankind. The

fame may be said of other sacred writers; they not only confess diheir sins, but left the same on record that others might sear.

The harmony of the scriptures is an evidence of their being given by

inspiration of God

Notwithstanding the Bible was about sixteen hundred years in writing, by men in different ages and circumstances, yet they all convey similar ideas concerning the divine Being, his character and government; and the apostacy and sinfulness or taken man; and the arce to ty of a divine Mediator for his recovery and salvation.

The majesty and sublimity of style in which the scriptures are written,

bespeak its author to be God.

How flit and infipid are the writings of Homer, Virgil, Xenorhon

and Cicero, when compared with the Bible.

Some of the most lostly strokes were delivered by rustic men. Amos was not a prophet by birth, nor trained in the schools of the prophets, but was an herd-man and a gatherer of sycamore truit; and yet some of his tropes are as lostly as the heavens; and the same is true of the writing of David, Isaiah, Zechariah and others. Longinus and Cyrus both acknowledged the sublimity of the style.

The prophetic essays in scripture and their exact accomplishment, harmonize together. Jesish and Cyrus were prophesied of a long time before they were born; and the deeds they should perform. The electration of various kingdoms was foretold, and afterwards es-

fected.

The coming of John Baptist; the advent of Christ, his ministry, passion and resurrection, the spread of the gospel, and gathering of the gentiles, the destruction of Jerusalem and dispession of the jews, were expressly predicted and fully accomplished.

Whatever may be fail against the Bible by deists and others, yet it has the pre-eminence of all other books in that it speaks to the

heart.

The bleffed effect the Bible has had upon the minds and the lives of thousands, in bringing them to love the Divine character and government; and in supporting them under their afflictions and trials of life; and in enabling them to triumph in the hour of death, is not only incontestable evidence of its truth, but a manifestation of its superior excellence and worth.

Some parts of the Bible were written historically, which only narra-

ted facts, and the fenfe extends no farther.

Others were written parabollically, by which one thing was used to express another: here we should attend to the introduction;—the general scope;—and labor for the obvious meaning—Some were written prophetically, which were to receive their completion in some suture day. Here we should observe where, when, and what is the sussiliment of the prophecy. A considerable part of the Bible was written tipically, alluding in its sussiliment to its antitype; probably there has no part of the book been more abused, and, consequently, among christians, has occasioned more error, than a missuaderstanding of this. A part was written proverbially, in short

sentences, but corious and expressive; the sense not to be gathered

from the preceding, or faceceding verfes.

cometimes the facred penman used an allegorical mode, by which a contined run of metaphors were used to express some doctrinal truth. Here we should be careful to ascertain the truths to which the meta-

phore naturally refer-

rally led to the fease, as being brought to view by, and yet opposed to what is expressed. There are some strokes in the hyerogly phical order, in which the characters of certain creatures, letters, or things are borrowed, to point out and bring to view the idea of the writer. But the great and most essential doctrinal part of the Bible, is put in language unequivocal, plain and simple; yet majestic, and exalted above criticism:—solemn as death, and important as eternity; a style

becoming the dignity of Him who gave it.

In fearching the scriptures, we ought to be very careful not to spiritualize that part which should be understood only literally; nor to mysticalise that part which is plain and simple, to make it speak any thing, and every thing, just as our fancies wish; nor yet to naturalize the spiritual part, and reduce it merely to a literal composition; for this would be derogatory to the dignity both of the book and its Author: But endeavor is possible to gain the genuine meaning of its different parts, as either expressed or implied according to the general analogy of revelation, comparing scripture with scripture, with diligence and perseverance as lovers of the truth: for "It is he who doeth the will of God, that is to know of the doctrine whether it be of God!"

If those who are acquainted with religion by the operation of God's spirit, and a practical experience of the truth in their own hearts, would read, meditate, treasure up and exemplify in their lives the word of God, they would become authordox in the faith; they would be of one judgment and one mind. They would soon become wifer than many of our teachers now are.

Gospel ministers would be like Timothy, who was acquainted with the scriptures from his youth. They would bring forth things new and old, out of the treasure of God's word: And preach as if, truth,

the fouls of men, and heaven and hell were realities.

These who have a taste for reading (shough unacquainted with the soirtuality of the Bible by their own experience) would search the scriptures and see if these things are so; they would find more excellent learning, and more solid instruction than is to be found elsewhere; they would leave novels, romances and books of no importance, for that Book which is too much neglected.

And now brethren, that we may receive this word in our hearts, practife it in our lives—trust in its promises, and witness to the world that we are Bible christians, may God grant, for the Redeemer's sake.

-AMEN.

CORRESPONDING LETTER,

The DANBURY BAPTIST ASSOCIATION to all Corresponding Afforciations, fendeth Christian love and respect.

Beloved Brethren,

IT is with pleasure unaffected, that we receive your Minutes, Letters and McTengers; and the agreeable intelligence communicated by

them; and with pleafare we would make like returns.

While we are called to mourning by the feverity of the Divite difpleafare upon our country in general, and upon some of our commercial towns in particular, we have cause to rejoice in the manifestations
of the Divine savor, in continuing to us the privilege of childian correspondence; in the out pouring of God's spirit upon various parts of
our sinfal land, in particular in the town of Sussield, where it had
pleased the Lord to revive the contrite in heart, and to comfort them
that mourn; where the Lord by his grace hash brought a goodly namber out of darkness into his marvellous light; where a number of the
tirth characters, who with many of the near youth, and some of the
most inveterate esemies of the religion of Christ, have been brought
to how to his sceptre, and to follow him in the bicsed humble way.

One hundred and fix have been baptized fince our last Afficiation,

and added to the churches in that place.

May the Lord grant that the little cloud which has arisen there, may overspread our land, that it may become Emanuel's indeed, a

mountain of holiness and a habitation of righteousness.

Since our last, the Lord, by the bereaving stroke of death, has called our beloved father in the gospel, Elder Seth Highey, from the church militant, as we trust, to the church triumphant; who has less the chariet of Israel and ascended in a chariot of fire, to join the general shour of Angels, and in praises with the spirits of join men made perfect.

Our minutes will shew the state of our churches in general: there is nothing very flattering, nor any thing peculiarly discouraging. We think, however, that light is increasing; and hope that through "The tender mercy of our God, that the day spring from on high will visit

our land."

We still feel the burden of ecclesiastical oppression in this State, and do not enjoy that liberty which is the happy lot of many of our fister

Associations with whom we correspond.

But while we see our brethren who are in covenant-relation with us, distrest by having their property taken by force of law, and sold at the post to pay preachers whom they do not hear, and whose profession and practice they cannot fellowship; we would defire to be humble under the dispensation of divine Providence, and use every laudable and christian exertion to be freed from the tyrannical yoke.

May God grant that we may continually truft in him, who had faid, "I have chosen thee in the furnace of affliction; - And in the

world ye shall have tribulation."

Brethren, though we are absent in body, we rejoice that we may be present in spirit, that our prayers may meet before the throne of Him whose eye is upon the righteous, and whose ear is open to their cry.

Our minds have been composed—our meeting joyfu—and our hearts refreshed with the good news we have received from various parts of the Zion of God; for which we thank God, and take courage. Finally, Brethren, farewell.

Signed by order and in behalf of the Afficiation.

DANIEL WILDMAN, Moderator, ASAHEL MORSE, Clerk.